

# LAMOST-HiRes

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LangZhong - June 20, 2006



## LAMOST-HiRes

A Fiber-Fed High Resolution Echelle Spectrograph for LAMOST

# Outline (1)

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- Project general preconditions
  - Participants
  - Xinglong seeing conditions
  - One arm, one camera design
- Scientific preconditions
  - Stability (long co-added integration time)
  - Resolution
  - Wavelength coverage

# Outline (2)

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- HiRes spectrograph design
  - FOCES-like geometry – New camera
  - Spectral coverage
  - Optical properties of HiRes
- Focal plane device
  - Telescopic device
  - Pickup optics and fiber feed
- Observation strategy
- Summary and next steps

# Frank GRUPP: Science

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- MAFAGS-OS opacity sampling model atmosphere code
  - Spectroscopic stellar parameters of:
    - Open cluster main-sequence stars
    - Metal poor stars
  - LTE & Non-LTE element abundances
- Properties of optical fibers
  - VIRUS project at HET
  - “Fiber-noise”

# General: Participants

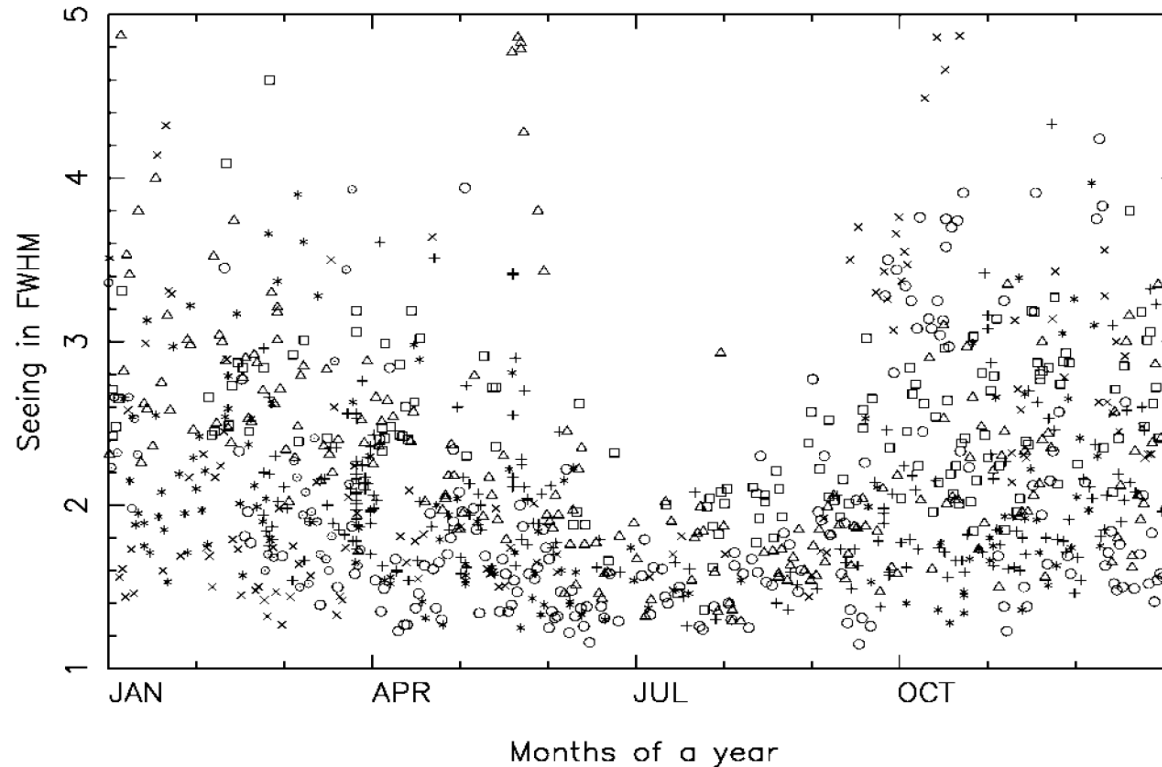
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- NAOC/Beijing: Prof. ZHAO Gang (science driver)
- USM/Munich: Prof. Thomas GEHREN (sci. driv.)
- USM/Munich: Frank GRUPP (PI, optical design)
- LAMOST/Beijing: LAMOST-Team (project structure, CCD-camera, on-site construction)
- NIAOT/Nanjing: Prof. ZHU and team (opto-mechanical design and construction, manufacturing)



# General: Xinglong seeing (1)

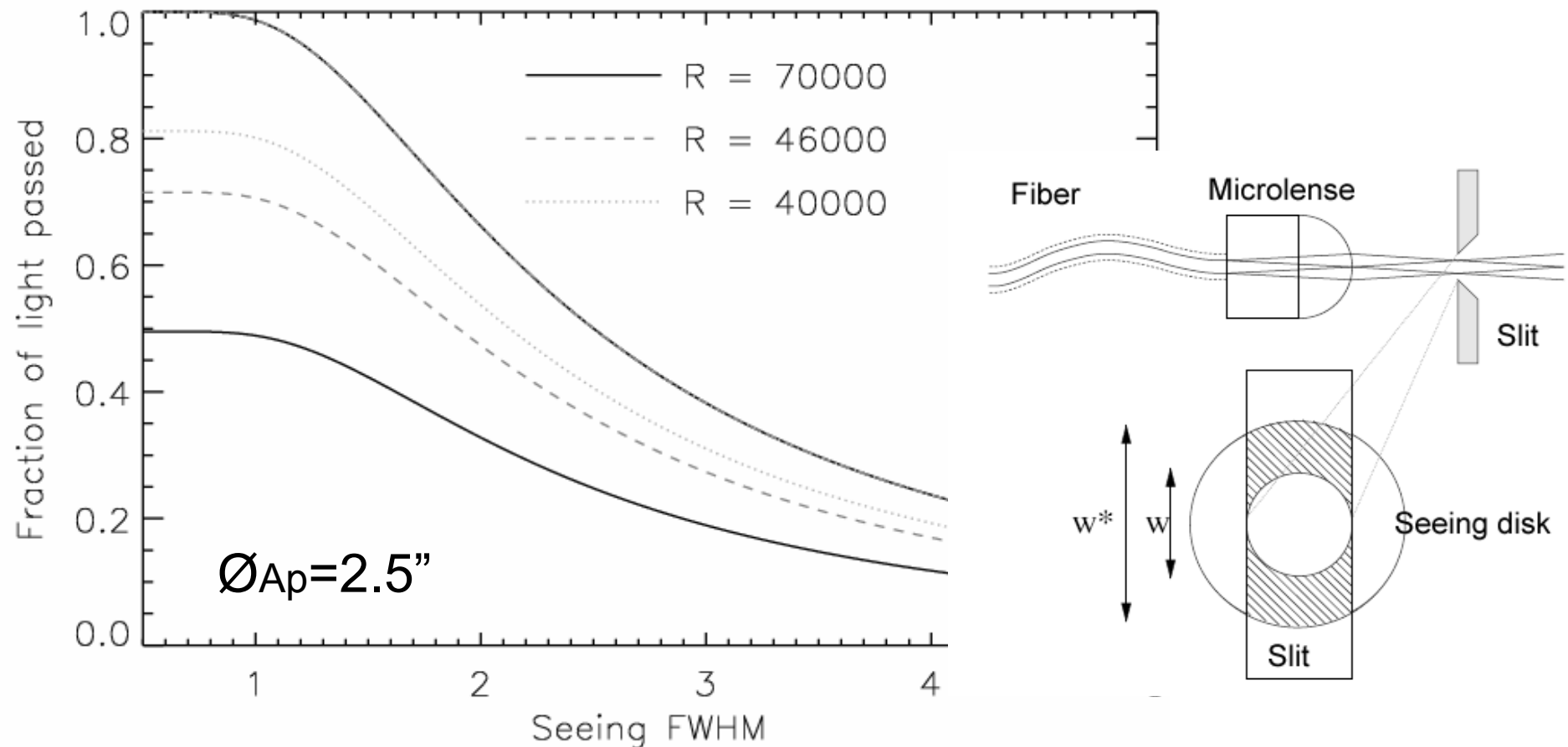
Liu et al. 2003



- BATC survey → Seeing often  $> 2''$
- New measurements will be done (DIMM)

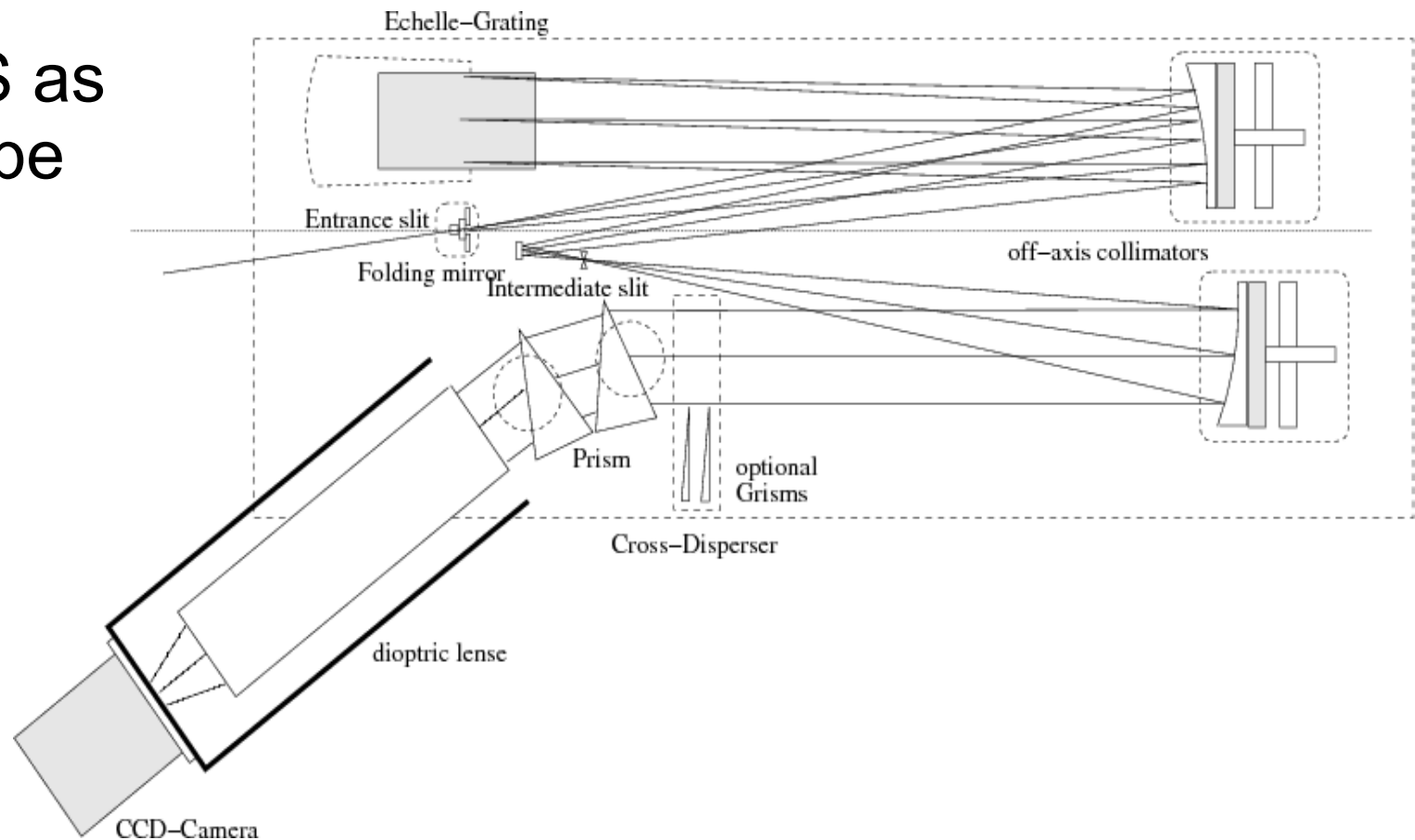
# General: Xinglong seeing (2)

- Large seeing  $\rightarrow$  large slit losses  
 $\rightarrow$  image slicer  $\rightarrow$  reduced  $\lambda$  coverage



# General: Design preconditions

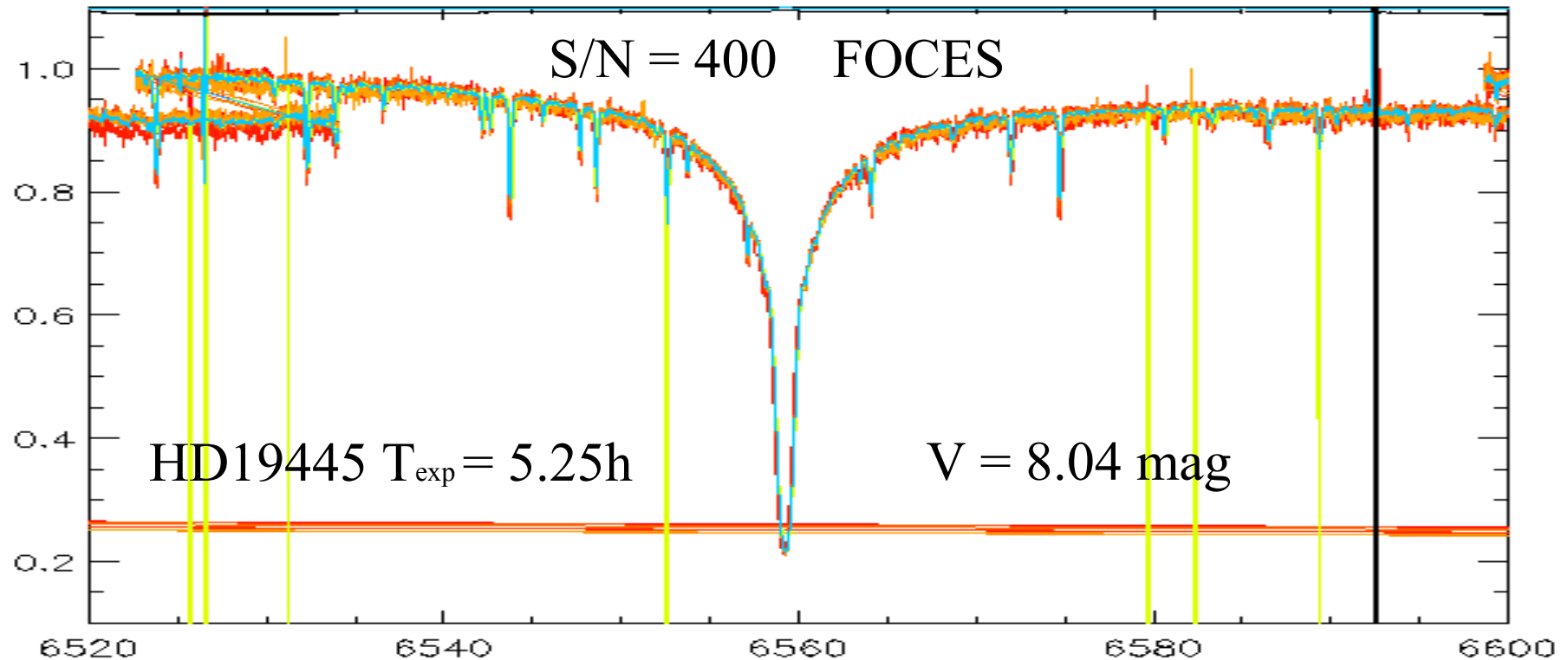
- One arm, one camera design
  - Keep costs reasonable
  - FOCES as prototype





# Science: Stability

- High stability of spectrum “on the CCD”
  - Allows for long (multi-exposure) integration times
  - Very demanding in mechanical & thermal stability



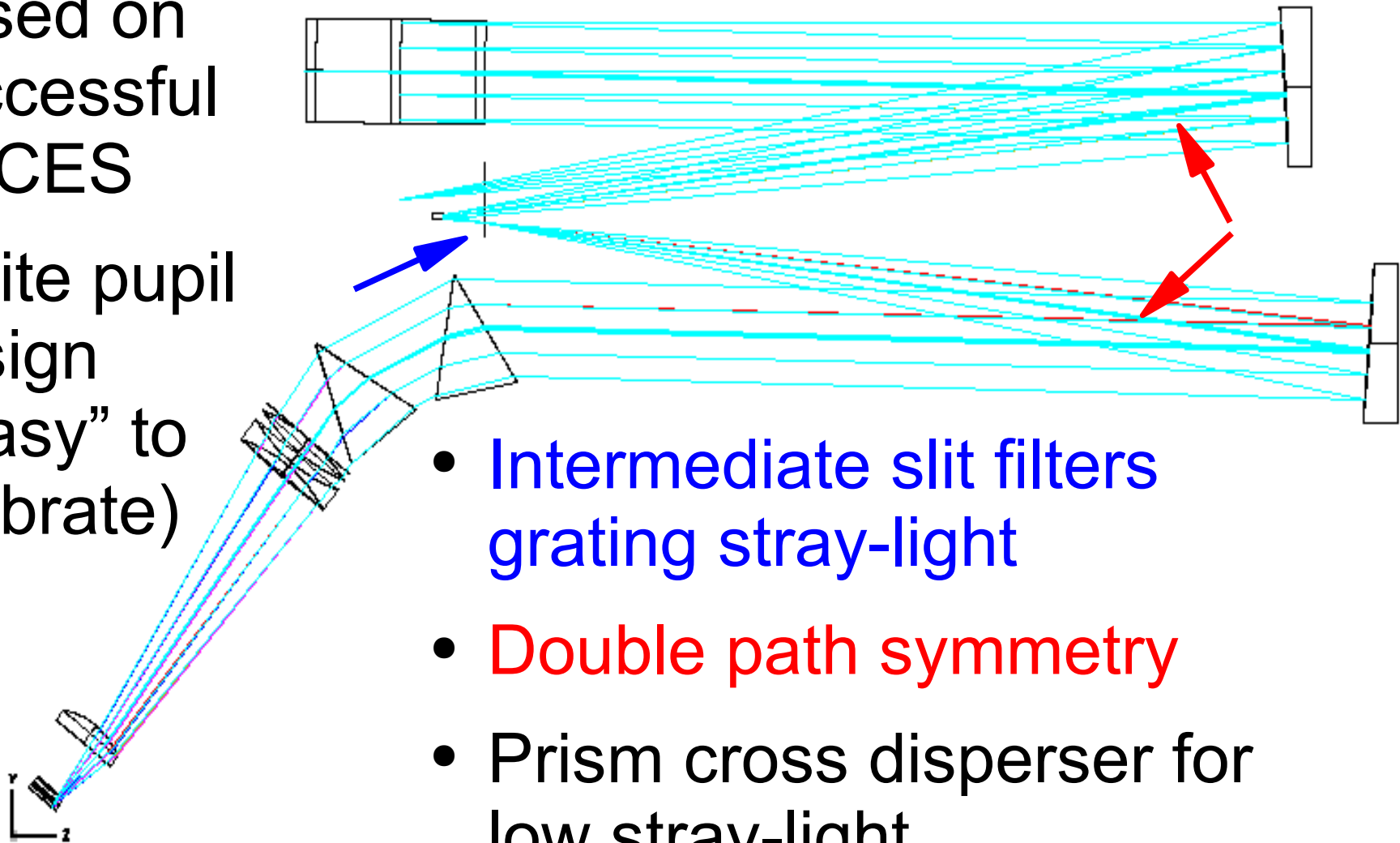
# Science: Resolution & $\lambda$ -coverage

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- Resolution: 40000-70000
  - Wavelength coverage
    - Ca H&K lines (3800 Å)
    - Mg B lines (5200 Å)
    - Balmer lines (6560, 4860, 4340, 4100 Å)
    - O triplet (7780 Å)
    - ... ..
- 3800 – 9000 Å

# HiRes: Optical layout (1)

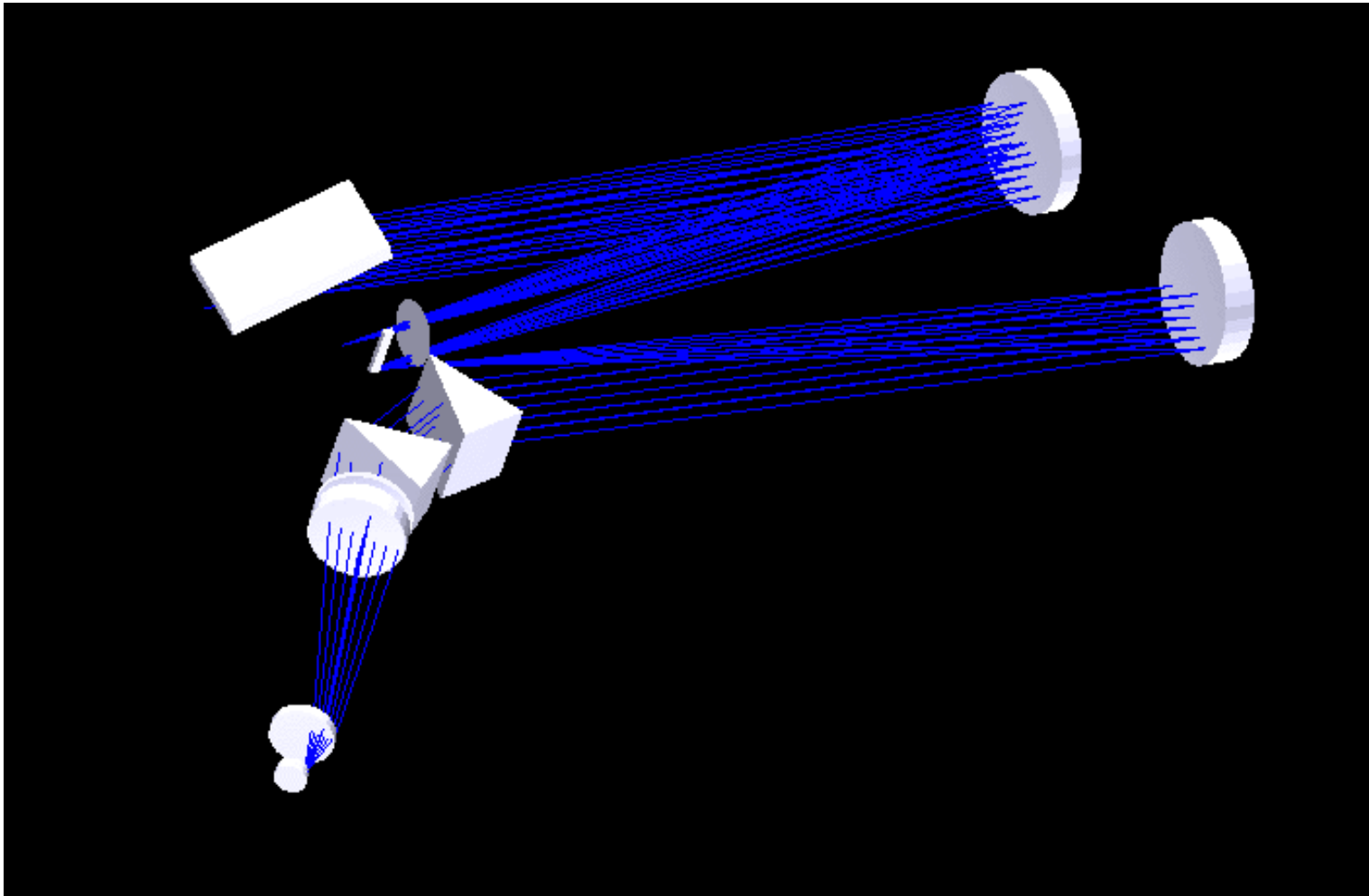
- Based on successful FOCES
- White pupil design (“easy” to calibrate)



- Intermediate slit filters  
grating stray-light
- Double path symmetry
- Prism cross disperser for  
low stray-light

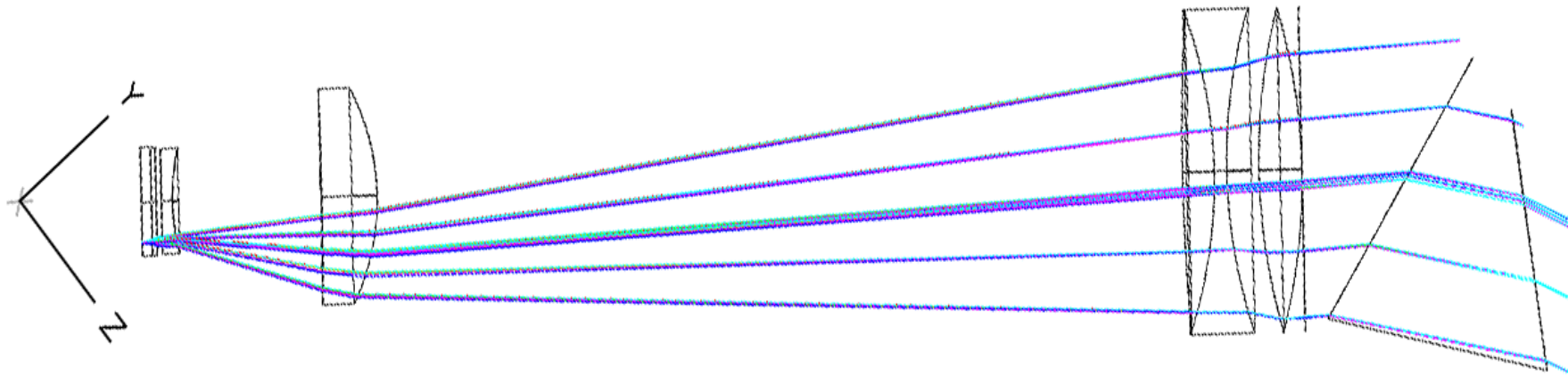
# HiRes: Optical layout (2)

- Another view...



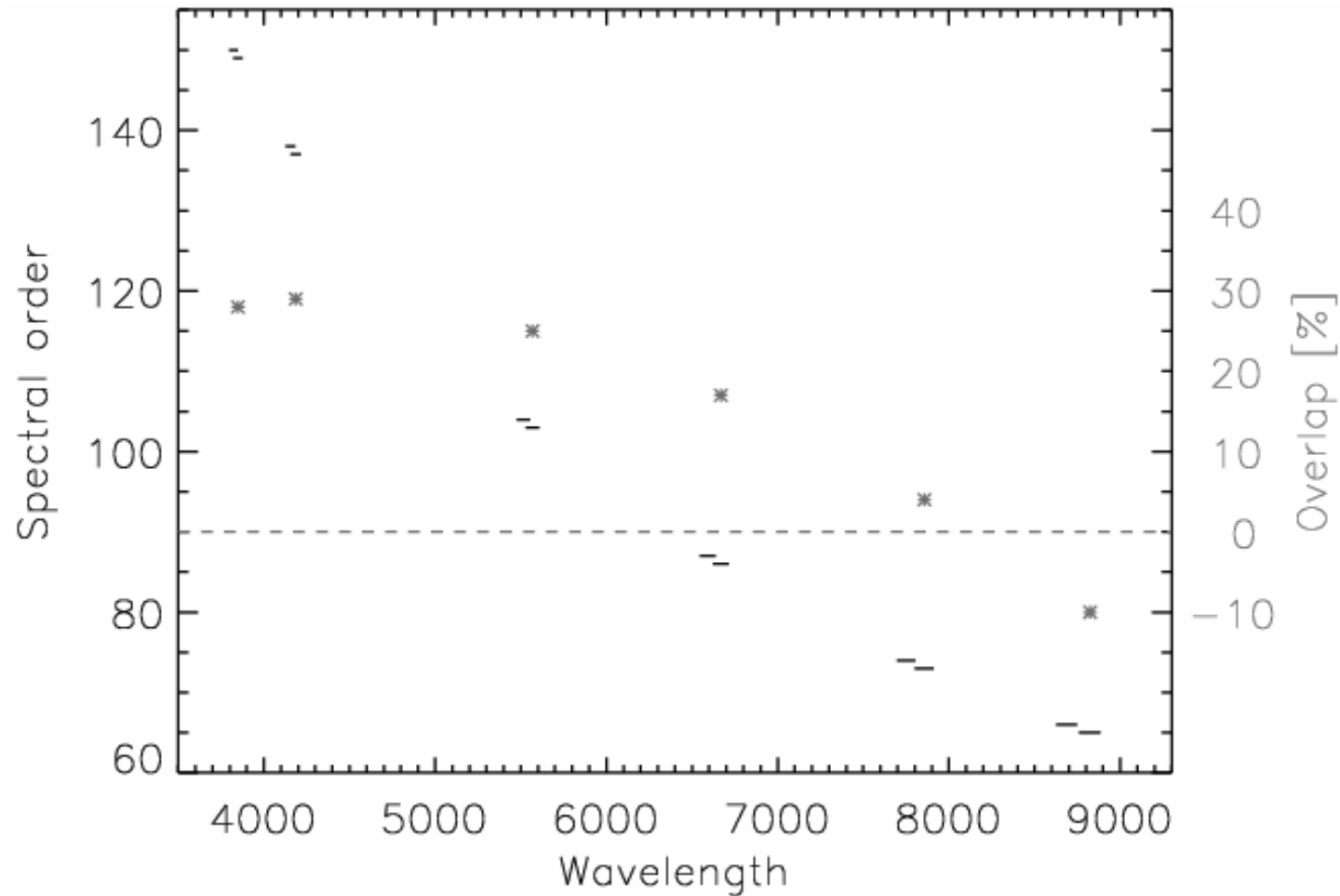
# HiRes: Optical layout (3)

- Differences compared with FOCES
  - Using Chinese glasses → new camera design
  - Higher resolution 60000 → 70000
  - Completely different focal plane device



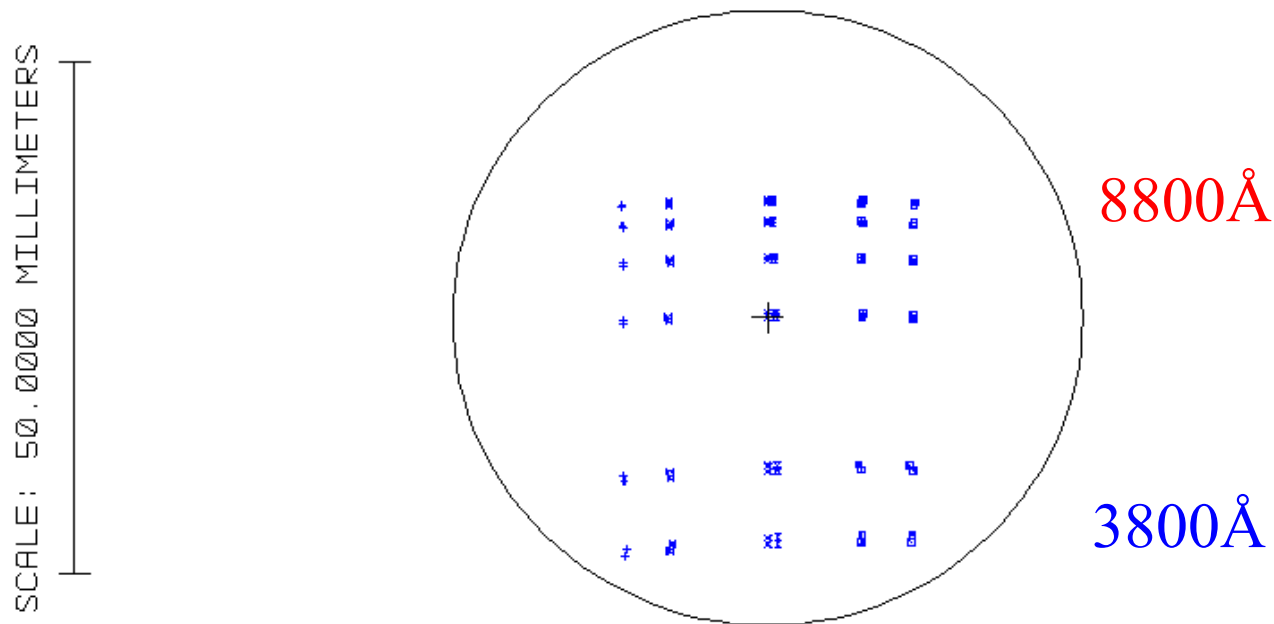
# HiRes: Spectral coverage (1)

- Orders overlap from 3800 up to  $\approx 8300$  Å



# HiRes: Image on CCD

- $d(\text{image}) \approx 54\text{mm}$
- $4\text{k}-12\mu$  diagonal  $\approx 68\text{mm}$



APERTURE DIAMETER: 60.0000

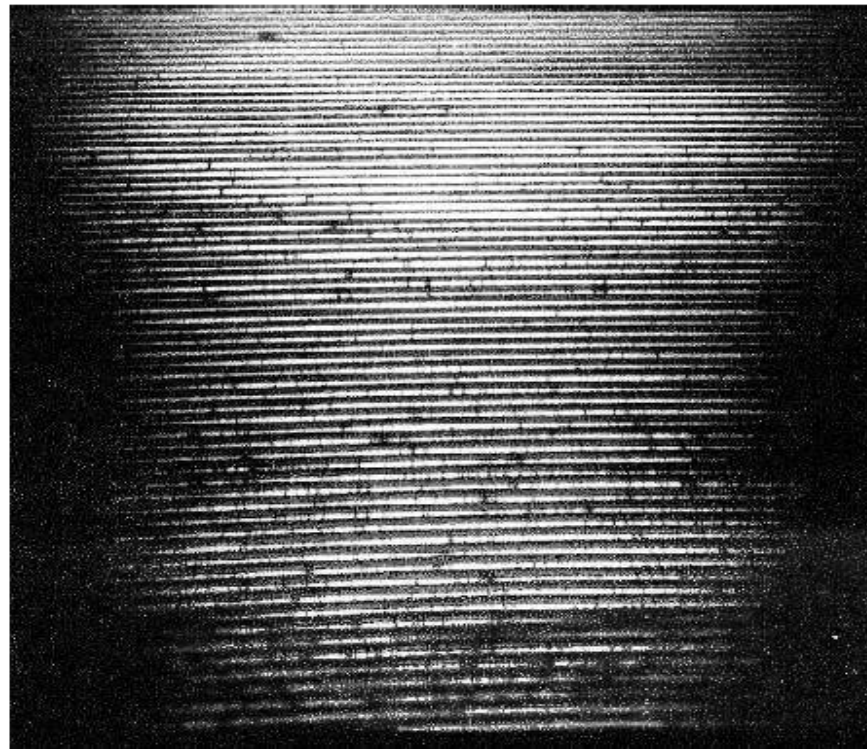
% RAYS THROUGH = 93.88%



# HiRes: Spectral coverage (2)

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- BUT: Orders getting very close together in the red
- Limits spectral coverage! → Two operational modes.



red

blue



# HiRes: Configurations (1)

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- Sliced and unsliced fiber-end
  - Wavelength coverage and range
  - Throughput
- Slitwidth
  - Resolution
  - Throughput
- Extra cross disperser
  - Wavelength coverage and range

# HiRes: Configurations (2)

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- Configuration changes need to be automatic
  - Manual interaction is slow and dangerous
- Selecting a configuration:
  - **There is no such thing as a *universal spectrograph***
  - Observations need to be carefully planned to get best spectra possible
  - Seeing largely influences the spectrographs configuration

# Focal plane device: General (1)

- There is already “something” in the LAMOST focal plane
- This something is  $> 6\text{m}$  high and  $1.8\text{m}$  broad
- It carries 4000 fibers to LowRes spectrographs
- Shack-Hartmann sensor in the middle needed for mirror alignment



# Focal plane device: General (2)

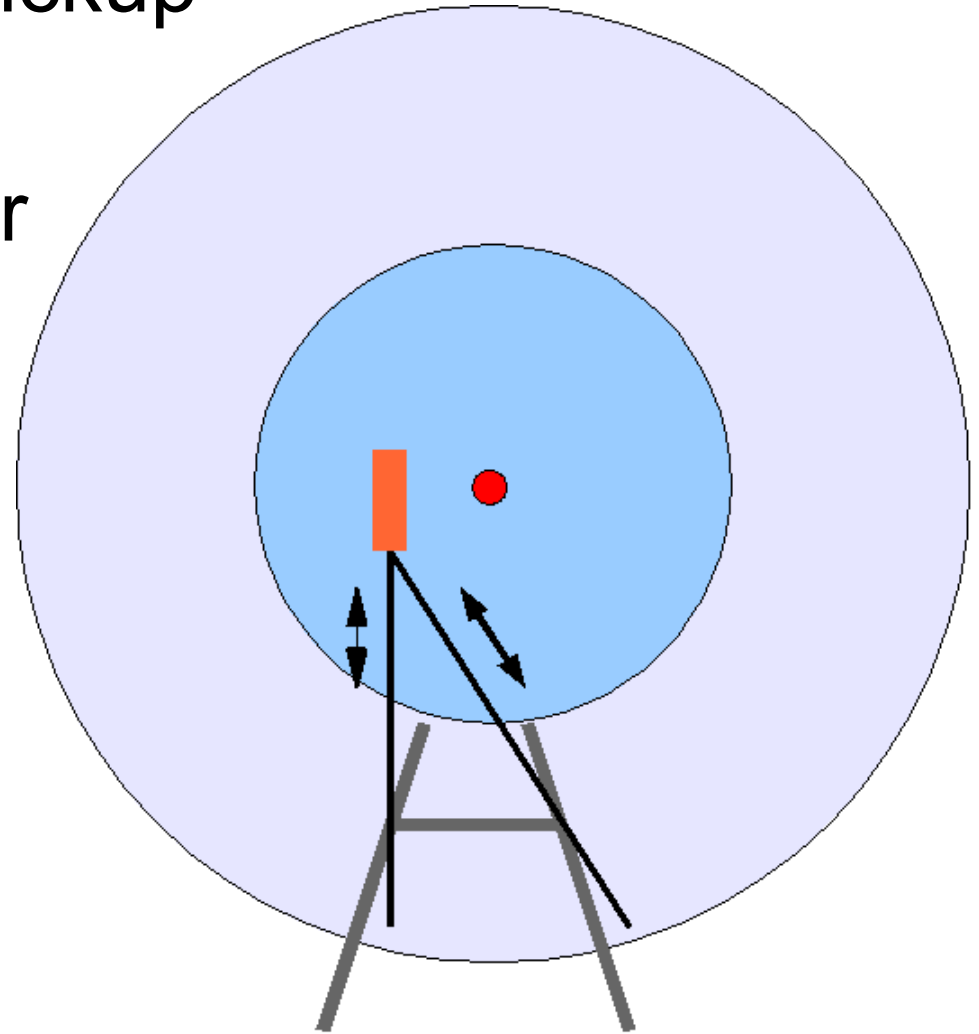
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## HiRes:

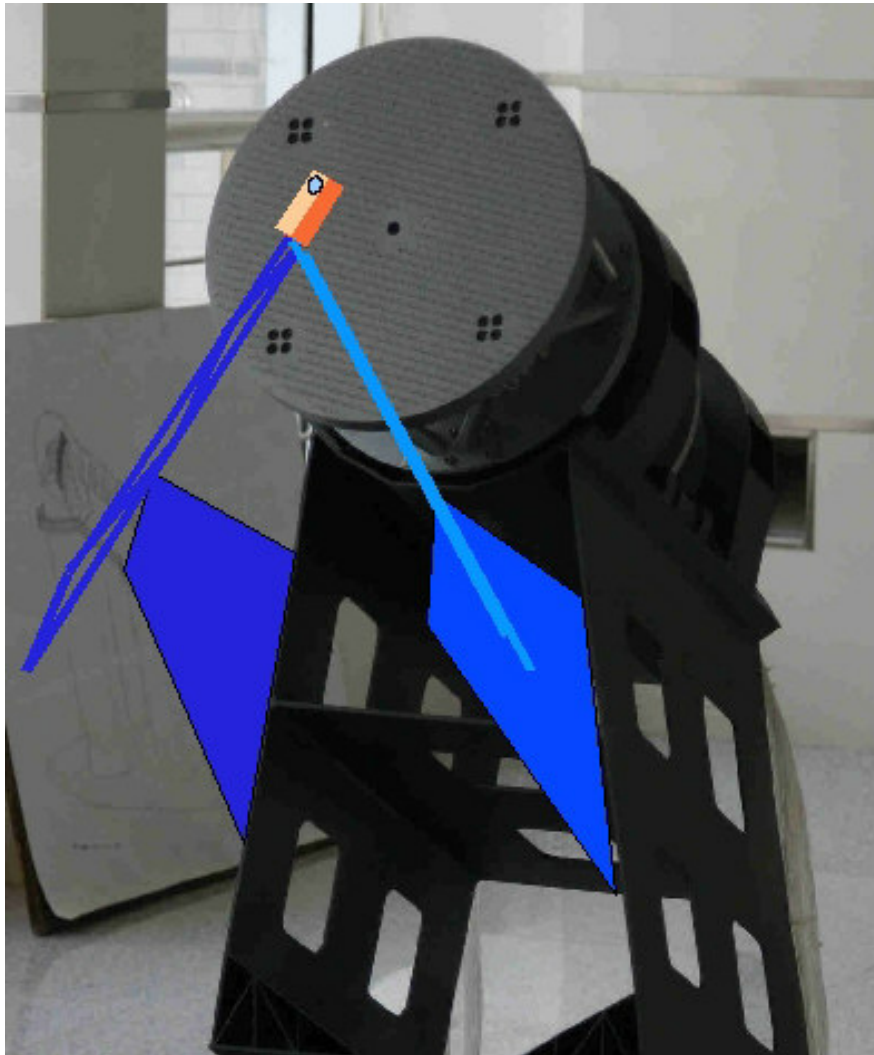
- Co-operates with normal LAMOST-Survey mode
  - Total / partly blocks approx 7-10% of the LowRes fibers
    - Blocked fibers can be predicted
    - Footprint of pickup optics on LowRes focal plane will be minimized.
- Survey can go on during HiRes observations

# Pickup optics: Mechanical design (1)

- Movable arms get the pickup optics in place
- Shack-Hartmann sensor is kept free all the time
- Active optics can continue mirror control



# Pickup optics: Mechanical design (2)





# HiRes: Expected performance...

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- Strongly depends on seeing conditions!!!
- A **very preliminary** estimate, based on the well known FOCES performance at very good seeing:
  - $R=40000$   $S/N=100$  1h  $\rightarrow$  12 mag
  - $R=70000$   $S/N=100$  1h  $\rightarrow$  11 mag
- But remember: Integration time can be very long with an opto-mechnically stable instrument... 10 hours or even longer ...

# Possible observation strategy

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- HiRes observations in parallel to LRS survey
    - 7-10% of LRS fibers blocked
    - Observation only if seeing is better than given threshold
      - Depending on object brightness
      - Depending on resolution
  - HiRes configuration changes without manual interaction.
    - Quick changes
    - Requires (semi-)automatic alignment procedure
- Only what can be done - will be done



# HiRes: Summery

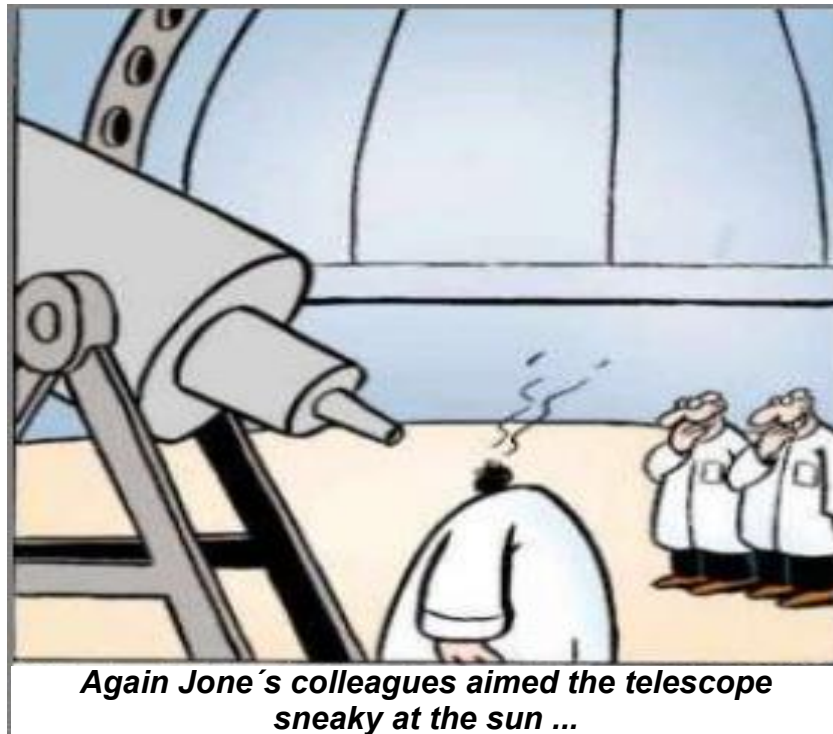
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- HiRes basic spectrograph design ready
  - $R=70000$ ,  $\lambda=3800-9000\text{\AA}$
- Seeing conditions give strong boundary conditions to design
  - Better seeing statistics needed
  - Observations have to be carefully planned
  - Spectrograph alignment has to be (semi-) automatic

# HiRes: Next steps

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- Final design and manufacturing
- [www.grupp-astro.de/publications/langzhong.pdf](http://www.grupp-astro.de/publications/langzhong.pdf)



Thank you for your time and dedication!